

## **LES COMPARATIFS**

	Adjectifs courts	Adjectifs longs
Supériorité	<b>ER + than</b> (ex : A lion is faster <u>than</u> an elephant.) les adjectifs courts ont : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 1 syllabe</li> <li>- 2 syllabe terminant par y/ow/er/le</li> </ul>	<b>More + adj + than</b> (ex : -A ferrari is <u>more</u> expensive <u>than</u> a panda. -My sofa is <u>more</u> confortable <u>than</u> yours.)
Egalité	<b>AS + adj + AS</b> (ex : She is <u>as</u> tall <u>as</u> him ; He is not <u>as</u> cut <u>as</u> before.)	
Infériorité	<b>Less + adj + than</b> (ex : Kevin is less tall than Dylan)	

Exceptions (supériorité) : -good ---- better  
-bad----- worse  
-far----- further / farther

De plus en plus : - adjectifs courts : cheaper and cheaper ou nicer and nicer  
- adjectifs longs : more and more expensive, confortable...

## **LES SUPERLATIFS**

	Adjectifs courts	Adjectifs longs
Supériorité	<b>The + adj + EST</b> (ex : the lion is the fastest animal in the jungle.)	<b>The most + adj</b> (ex : The Ferrari is the most expensive car in the world.)
Infériorité	<b>The + least + adj</b> (ex : Kevin is the least tall pupil in the class.)	

Exceptions (supériorité): - good ----- the best  
- bad ----- the worst  
- far -----the furthest